

Homological algebra exercise sheet Week 4

1. Prove the following lemma stated during the lecture.

Lemma 0.1 (Snake lemma). *Consider a commutative diagram of R -modules of the form*

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} A' & \longrightarrow & B' & \xrightarrow{p} & C' & \longrightarrow & 0 \\ f \downarrow & & g \downarrow & & h \downarrow & & \\ 0 & \longrightarrow & A & \xrightarrow{i} & B & \longrightarrow & C. \end{array}$$

If the rows are exact, there is an exact sequence

$$\ker(f) \rightarrow \ker(g) \rightarrow \ker(h) \xrightarrow{\partial} \operatorname{coker}(f) \rightarrow \operatorname{coker}(g) \rightarrow \operatorname{coker}(h)$$

with ∂ defined by the formula

$$\partial(c') = i^{-1}gp^{-1}(c'), \quad c' \in \ker(h).$$

Moreover, if $A' \rightarrow B'$ is monic, then so is $\ker(f) \rightarrow \ker(g)$, and if $B \rightarrow C$ is onto, then so is $\operatorname{coker}(g) \rightarrow \operatorname{coker}(h)$.

2. Let $\mathcal{A}$ be an abelian category.

(a) Let

$$0 \rightarrow A_{\bullet} \rightarrow B_{\bullet} \rightarrow C_{\bullet} \rightarrow 0$$

be a short exact sequence in $\mathbf{Ch}(\mathcal{A})$. Show that if two of the three complexes are exact, then so is the third.

(b) Let $f_{\bullet} : C_{\bullet} \rightarrow D_{\bullet}$ be a morphism in $\mathbf{Ch}(\mathcal{A})$. Show that if $\ker(f_{\bullet})$ and $\operatorname{coker}(f_{\bullet})$ are acyclic, then $f_{\bullet}$ is a quasi-isomorphism. Is the converse true?

3. Consider the following chain complex of abelian groups

$$\cdots \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}/4\mathbb{Z} \xrightarrow{\cdot 2} \mathbb{Z}/4\mathbb{Z} \xrightarrow{\cdot 2} \mathbb{Z}/4\mathbb{Z} \rightarrow \cdots.$$

Show that it is acyclic, but not split exact.

4. Let $\mathcal{A}$ be an abelian category and consider a morphism $f_{\bullet} : C_{\bullet} \rightarrow D_{\bullet}$ in $\mathbf{Ch}(\mathcal{A})$. Show that $f_{\bullet}$ is null homotopic if and only if it extends to a map $(-s, f) : \operatorname{cone}(C_{\bullet}) \rightarrow D_{\bullet}$.